

Times-Dispatch
DAILY—WEEKLY—SUNDAY.
Business Office: 116 E. Main Street.
Washington Bureau: 1102-1103 Building.
Manchester Bureau: 1102 Hull Street.
Petersburg Bureau: 40 N. Ryecomer St.
Lynchburg Bureau: 215 Eighth St.

By Times-Dispatch Carrier Delivery Service in Richmond (and suburbs), Manchester and Petersburg—
One Week One Year.
Daily with Sunday: \$1.00 \$3.00 \$1.00 \$3.00
Daily without Sunday: 40c 1.00 1.00 2.50
Sunday edition only: 2.00 1.00 .50 .25
Weekly (Wednesday): 1.00 .50 .25 .10

Persons wishing to communicate with The Times-Dispatch by telephone will ask central for "4041," and on being answered from the office switchboard, will indicate the department or person with whom they wish to speak.
When calling between 6 A. M. and 9 A. M., call to central office direct for 4041, composing room: 4042, business office: 4043, for mailing and press-rooms.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1907.
And we have hope—hope, that no bright days have been, so bright days shall be once more.—Kingsley.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

If there be anything in appearances and assurances from distinguished sources, the business week begins with a decided improvement in the financial situation in New York. The banks have decided to issue clearing house certificates, which will greatly relieve the strain upon currency, and there is promise of liberal imports of gold, \$5,500,000 having already been engaged. The trust companies will probably be admitted to membership in the Clearing House Association, which will give them greater protection against possible runs. It is to be presumed, however, that a saner view will be taken by depositors, and that the senseless and reckless runs on financial institutions will cease. Secretary Cortelyou is so well pleased with the situation that he has returned to Washington, and Mr. Clark Williams, State Superintendent of Banks, reports, as a mark of improvement, that directors of various banking corporations which, during the last few days, announced their suspension, have notified the banking department that they desire, if they lawfully may, to undertake the rehabilitation of their respective institutions.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie goes so far as to predict that when the business and financial air has been cleared there will be a new period of business expansion and growth that will eclipse many former boom times.

The New York Times says that "the banks are leaving trouble behind," and that the clearing house certificates will allay the panic and give the banks an opportunity to correct defects.

The Evening Post says that the banking situation is calm, and that there are no indications of alarm.

The World says that the financial outlook clears as the week ends.

The Herald declares that the crisis has passed.

The Tribune says that the bank situation is becoming normal.

The bankers have shown unusual ability and courage, and have managed admirably. The situation is now in the hands of the people. If they will only be guided by reason and common sense, the panic will soon have passed and normal conditions will prevail.

FOR CHARITY.

The sixth annual meeting of the Virginia Conference of Charities and Corrections will be at the Jamestown Exposition on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. The objects of the conference are to encourage co-operation in humanitarian efforts, to promote reforms, to discuss problems of charities and correction, to collect and disseminate reliable information respecting the condition of the dependent, defective and delinquent classes, and to create and promote interest in their welfare, and to further improve the system of organized charity and correction in the State of Virginia.

Among the distinguished leaders in charity work who will address the forthcoming conference are John M. Glenn, secretary of the Russell Sage Foundation; Thomas M. Mulvey, of New York, head of the St. Vincent de Paul Society of the United States; Alexander Johnson, of Indianapolis, secretary of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections; Edward T. Devine, A. J. McKelway, Livingston Farrand and Mrs. Kate Walter Barrett, of Alexandria.

Reports will also be read by a number of prominent Virginians on a variety of topics. Among these may be mentioned:

"Defectives," Mr. R. O. Egerton, chairman, Petersburg.

"Care and Training of the Blind," Mr. W. A. Bowles, Superintendent of Virginia School for the Deaf and the Blind, Staunton.

"Institutional Care of Idiots, Imbeciles and Demented," Dr. A. S. Priddy, Superintendent of the Southwestern State Hospital, Marion.

"The Public School System and Defective and Backward Children," Hon. J. B. Eggleston, Jr., Superintendent of Public Instruction of Virginia.

"Industrial Homes for Girls," Rev. A. B. Sharpe, Richmond.

"The Public School, Gardens and School Farms," Miss Margaret King, Norfolk.

"The Epileptic and the Insane," Mr. J. M. Bauserman, Commissioner of State Hospitals, chairman, Woodstock.

"Molony Care of the Insane," Mr. J. Cotton Bohannon, Surry.

"Care of Epileptics," Dr. J. S. De-

Jarnette, Superintendent of the Western State Hospital, Staunton.
"The Criminal," by Mr. Burnett Lewis, Richmond.
"Reformatory Measures in Dealing With the Criminal Classes," Mr. M. E. Marcure, of Richmond.
"Requirements of a Model State's Prison," Captain E. F. Morgan, Superintendent of the Virginia Reformatory, The Range of the Convict," Rev. George H. Wiley, Richmond.
"Public Charitable and Correctional Agencies," Hon. Samuel P. Waddill, chairman, Henrico county.

"Needed Reformation in Jail and Almshouses," Rev. H. A. Robinson, Norfolk.
"State Board of Charities and Corrections," Hon. Richard Evelyn Byrd, Winchester.

"The Merciful," Dr. Charles R. Grady, chairman, Norfolk.
"Present and Future of Sanatorium Treatment in Virginia," Dr. J. E. Harris, Berryville.

"State Tuberculosis Associations," Dr. J. S. Patton, secretary of International Congress on Tuberculosis.
These subjects are of vital importance to society and to the State, and in discussion there is light and there is progress. The Virginia Conference of Charities and Corrections is one of the educational institutions of the State, and has given the public a new idea as to the meaning and object of true charity.

THE ROOSEVELT PANIC.

Nero fiddled while Rome burned and President Roosevelt raced through the Louisiana canebrakes after some scrubby bears while panic raged in New York. Now that Messrs. Morgan, Stillman, Rockefeller and even that but lately "undesirable citizen" Harriman, have struggled successfully to stem the tide of destruction that the President's policies have loosed on our prosperity, the President returns to Washington and in a few smug phrases thanks to the "malefactors of great wealth" for their patriotism—and applauds Cortelyou for trying to avert disaster which had been wrought by the President himself.

If the country does escape a real and widespread depression in business it will not be through any foresight, wisdom or executive ability of Theodore Roosevelt, whose intemperate mouthings and insatiable love of popular applause have gained for him the unenviable notoriety of producing the most uncalled for slaughter of values that this country ever witnessed.

As The Times-Dispatch has often said, the railroads, trusts and speculators both small and great have built up a financial fabric that was essentially unstable. As a result a moderate contraction in business and a reasonable recession in speculative values was not only inevitable but highly desirable. To these conditions President Roosevelt brought multitudinous dresses full of sound and fury, arraying class against class, and ending by so terrifying the timid and deceiving the ignorant that public confidence was for a short period well-nigh destroyed. This impulsiveness may be highly creditable to Mr. Roosevelt's emotions, but it was more like egotism run mad.

To the foreigners our strenuous President has cut but a sorry figure during the past week. The Paris Maten says: "In fifteen days President Roosevelt killed four bears and destroyed five billions of values. In the presence of an economic crisis he continued his demagogic harangues, and when the storm broke he had gone hunting." Says the Gaulois, also of Paris, an ultra-conservative journal: "To govern is to foresee. With Roosevelt to govern is to revise. For the past six years his policy of administration the trusts have been prosecuted for crimes he permitted to be perpetrated. His justice is retroactive. There is thus the appearance of persecution and of political passion which in the financial centres of Europe causes far more alarm than the possible ambition of great financiers."

A leading French banker comments thus: "Imagine France's President or Premier shooting wolves while his people perish! It is a fact that practically the only news cable from America in the days preceding the panic consisted of stories of the President's progress in the canebrakes.

While one of the most important banking firms in Berlin said that the President "has brought his country to the brink of ruin," and adds: "We hold the President directly and almost solely responsible for agitating public opinion and undermining public confidence in what is in reality a perfectly sound situation. He seems to have forgotten that the stockholders have forgotten that the Morgans and the Harrimans have millions of dollars without feeling it, but that for every one such multi-millionaire there are 10,000 to whom this upward wind means eternal ruin."

It seems to us that Mr. Roosevelt's mistake is insistence that the whole American financial and industrial structure must be torn down to be strengthened. One way would be to save as much as possible of existing structure and to restore it piecemeal.

All these comments are from nations which believe in and practice a degree of governmental supervision which is unknown in America. It is not, therefore, the principle of control that strikes the French and Germans as suicidal. It is the methods of President Roosevelt, and every day it becomes more apparent how great a part his personality and methods have played in bringing about the terrible losses suffered by the investors of this country. So far the most conspicuous act of his career has been that panic which will ever bear his name.

The most fearless defender of the Lone Star State further declares that "the universal experience is that freckles disappear from six to ten days after a lady arrives in Texas." In view of the recent authoritative statement that osculation is the surest and most effective freckle-remover, an explanation seems in order.

Many millions of European gold will be shipped to this country during the present week. Better drop a line to Cortelyou to-night and tell him to be sure and get your share on promptly by certified check.

Rockefeller spends a good deal of time over quots. No. Business, we didn't say quots of oil. Behave!

Bill Colonel Graves must not be surprised to hear a lot of parched Georgia larynxes throbbing to a "Just

Borrowed Jingles

HALLADE OF THE BLASE MAN.
O! all I see and hear I tire.
Life seems a dreary, barren world.
That I would care to have or hold.
On all is growing moss or mold.
I'm very weary of the old.
Give me, oh, give me something new!
I'm very weary of the old.
Give me, oh, give me something new!

Woman no longer I admire:
By her beauty I'm no more cajoled.
For I have lost my youthful fire.
I'm quite a hoyden, I am told;
But first or foyden, jilt or scold.
I'm very weary of the old.
Give me, oh, give me something new!

Some would also like to see several of "my policies" sidetracked into the "my ex-policies" class.

AMUSEMENTS

ACADEMY.
To-night—"Divorcées."
To-night—"Hansel and Gretel."
To-night—"Singing Hink and vaudeville."

Grace George comes to the Academy to-night in Sardou's celebrated comedy "Divorcées." The name piece in which this young actress captured both New York and London, and this is one of the first cities to be visited by Miss George. The play tells the story of a young French girl whose middle-aged husband prefers the comfort of his own friends to setting his wife to the different amusements of the French capital. The threatened domestic tragedy that arises in the course of the plot, and the story ends in the realization by the wife of the value of her husband's affections and her desire to retain and deserve them.

Joe, the author, whose mind was elsewhere, replied: "The man who is putting up the money."—Washington Star.

Very True, But—
"O! I feel so wretched, and this is my receiving day, too. I do hope no one will call for me in misery all the time."
"Well," replied the husband, facetiously, "I'm glad to hear that 'misery loves company.'"—The Catholic Standard and Times.

Feeling With His Knife.
"Jockey was telling me he saw you in a restaurant yesterday," said Conkley, "and I cut him. Did he tell you that?"
"No, but he said he was in constant fear you'd cut yourself."—Philadelphia Press.

Confusing English.
"I see one of our battleships reported fast in the mud."
"Will?"
"Was just thinking that a ship fast in the mud ought to be a record breaker on the open sea."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Really Not Surprising.
"My goodness," exclaimed Mrs. Kluder, "I don't know anything more surprising than your husband's behavior."
"O! that's not so surprising," replied her husband, "when you consider how many thousand feet they have."—Philadelphia Press.

A Discussion.
The fishermen were discussing the various boats they had read.
"Have you read the 'Eternal City'?"
"Have you?"
"Have you read 'Mario Correll's works'?"
"I have that."
"Have you read 'Looking Backward'?"
"Have you read 'I do that'?"—London Tatler.

2,000 TO LOSE POSITIONS

New Haven Railroad Decides Upon Sweeping Policy of Economy.
NEW HAVEN, Conn., October 27.—The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company has just decided to reduce its payroll by 2,000 employees. It is announced that immediately more than 2,000 employees upon the steam system will be laid off, besides 2,000 employees in the Rhode Island trolley service.

Work upon a large number of the improvements will either be stopped or delayed. Included in these improvements are various double-tracking work, the tunnel work on the High division, the new Waterbury and Bristol, a part of the work on the New Haven improvements and also a part of the work upon the "extra" line of connection with the Harlem terminal.

In general the discharges of men will be made in the order of the rank and work upon those operating parts of the system which are not immediately connected with and necessary to the operation of the road. The cut of salaries is indefinite, and depends somewhat upon the general financial condition of the country. It is thus to a large extent a precautionary measure.

REWARDS "ROUGH RIDER"

President Appoints Old Comrade-IN-GUTHRIE as Indian Agent.
ERNEST STECKER, to whom the appointment of agent for the Kiowa and Comanche Indians has been tendered, has a long record in the army. He was sergeant-major of Roosevelt's Rough Riders in Cuba, and later second lieutenant in the Philippine Scouts, while in the position he still holds. He was a non-commissioned officer in the early '80's. He has served in the Philippine Islands in the Cuban war in the Seventh Cavalry. This is generally considered here to be one of President Roosevelt's personal appointments. He is the son of Scott Guthrie, private secretary to Governor Pratt, had the indorsement of the Oklahoma Territory and the position of Indian agent Stecker is a native of Maryland.

Deide of Prince George to Have Massed Fifteen \$100,000 Outfit.
PARIS, October 27.—The princess ordered by Prince Roland Bonaparte for the marriage of his daughter, Princess Marie, with Prince George of Greece, will rival in magnificence those prepared in the Rue de la Paix for wealthy American brides. The cost of the outfit is expected to exceed \$250,000. The princess has always had a strong predilection for the empire style. There will be the predominating note in the trousseau, and the fashion leaders of Paris are already predicting that the appearance of the royal bride's outfit will bring the empire style again into immediate fashion.

March of Desolation.
"New England is full of abandoned farms, and the things are on the blink in Wall Street."
"Se I hear. I s'pose it's all of abandoned banks?"—Puck.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

No. 1315.
How will it be when the roses fade
Out of the garden and out of the glade?
When the fresh pink bloom of the sweetbrier wild,
That leans from the dell like the cheek of a child,
Is changed for dry lips on a thorny bush?
Then scarlet and carmine the groves will fade.

How will it be when the autumn flowers
Wither away from their leafless bowers?
When the sunflower and starflower and goldenrod
Glimmer no more from the frosted sod,
And the hillside nooks are empty and cold,
Then the forest tops will be grey with gold.

How will it be when the woods turn brown,
Their gold and their crimson all dropped down
And crumbled to dust? O, then, as we lay
Our ears to earth's lips we may say:
We will dream of green leaves when the woods turn brown,
We will dream of green leaves when the woods turn brown.

This series began in The Times-Dispatch Oct. 11, 1902.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Patronesses for the German.
Belles and bulls of Richmond Society are interested vividly in the approach of the German season, the first dance of the Richmond German always being a most important event of the social calendar.

Leading society women who have been invited to act as patronesses for the Richmond German are: Mrs. E. T. D. Myers, Mrs. Lavinia Jones, Mrs. Allen Potts, Mrs. W. S. P. Mayo, Mrs. Thomas N. Carter, Mrs. Thomas Holling, Mrs. Joseph E. Willard, Mrs. R. Carter Scott, Mrs. T. Monroze Perkins, Mrs. John Stewart Bryan, Mrs. Egbert G. Leigh and Mrs. J. Jordan Leake.

The wedding of Miss Katherine Graham Bowden, daughter of the late W. Graham Bowden, to Dr. John Stages Davis, son of Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Davis, U. S. A., and grandson of the late Dr. John Stages Davis, of the University of Virginia, was celebrated at noon on October 26, at the residence of the bride's mother, No. 1100 Charles Street, Baltimore, the Rev. Dr. J. S. B. Hodges officiating.

The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Mr. W. G. Bowden. She was gowning in white satin trimmed with gold trimmings. Her veil fell from her forehead over orange blossoms and she carried a white prayer book. Miss Marian Gordon Bowden, the maid of honor, wore white point d'esprit over taffeta and a black plumed hat. Her flowers were American Beauties.

After the ceremony there was a wedding breakfast. Dr. and Mrs. Davis, when they return from their wedding journey, will reside at No. 1223 North Calvert Street.

Mrs. Mason Here.
Mr. and Mrs. George Lee Mason, of Edgehill, Albemarle county, were in Richmond to attend the football game, and enjoyed meeting many of their Richmond friends afterward at the Jefferson Hotel.

Leaves for Baltimore.
Miss Hattie Shields leaves this week to visit her mother in Baltimore and Washington, D. C. She will be one of the attendants at the Mastin-Montague wedding, to be celebrated in Baltimore, October 29th.

Engagement Announced.
Mr. and Mrs. William A. Loving announce the engagement of their daughter, Louise Cabell, to Mr. T. Lawrence Patrick, formerly of Danville, but more recently of Richmond. The marriage will be celebrated in November.

Taylor-Clarke.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Harvey Clarke have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Virginia Pollock, to Mr. Hartwell Augustus Taylor, of New Britain, Conn., the ceremony to be performed in the First Baptist Church at 8:30 o'clock on the evening of November 11th.

To Meet Wednesday.
The Confederate Memorial Literary Society will meet Wednesday, October 30th, at 11 A. M.

In Honor of Miss Maria Milnes.
Mrs. Stuart Bows and Mrs. Robert Bruce Bows will give an afternoon reception on Tuesday next from 5 to 7, at which Miss Alice Maria Milnes, a debutante of this season, will be introduced to society, which will be charged to pay its respects to her as the first of the new to make a debut.

Personal Mention.
Miss J. Branch Sutherland, of this city, and Miss Martha Lee Morris, of Petersburg, Va., are visiting friends in Washington, D. C.

Miss Lucy Cary Bridges is the guest of Mrs. Adam Tredwell, in Norfolk, Va. Miss Courtney Bowden Bridges is the guest of Mrs. Egbert G. Leigh at her country home, Piedmont, Orange county.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Cannon will be at home this winter at Judge Edmund Waddill's, No. 924 Park Avenue.

Miss Josie Croxon, who has been visiting friends in Richmond, has returned to Tappahannock.

Miss M. O. Clements, of Scottsville, Va., will spend the winter at the "Franklin," No. 711 East Franklin Street, this city.

Mrs. R. T. Hunter and Mrs. G. G. Goep, of Staunton, have returned from a short visit to Jamestown Exposition.

Miss Mattie Lewis, of Rixeyville, Va., is visiting friends in Richmond.

Miss Dimple Blair has left for her home in Scottsville, Va., after a visit to her mother, Mrs. J. R. Guthrie.

Mrs. Susan M. Montague has returned to her home in this city from Tappahannock, where she visited her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Montague.

Miss Jean Grigsby Paxton, daughter of Mr. R. G. Paxton, of Glasgow, has been elected president of the Junior class at Randolph-Macon College, Lynchburg, Va., and will represent her class at an annual intercollegiate collection to be held at the Tappan College, New York, on November 2d.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Daniel, of Halifax county, announce the marriage of their daughter, Georgia Clay, to Mr. E. F. Walker. The wedding will occur Tuesday afternoon, October 29th, at their home, Mapleswood.

The engagement is announced of Miss Bertie Gulek, of Aldie, Loudoun county, to Rev. John J. Coleman, pastor of the St. James Episcopal Church, Ashland, Va. The wedding will take place at Aldie on October 30th. The couple will reside in Ashland, Va.

Misses Ruby and Maude Chevington have been recent guests of Miss Mattie Vaughan in Ashland, Va.

Mr. Beverly Davis and his sister, Miss Davis, of Salem, Va., are spending some time in Richmond and at Jamestown Exposition.

Mr. A. J. Ferguson of this city, was a guest at the wedding of Miss Susan Mills Goodloe to Mr. Robert Bruce Tinsley, taking place in the Baptist Church of Big Stone Gap, Va., on October 23d.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Southall, of Lynchburg, Va., at St. Luke's Hospital, where Mr. Southall is undergoing treatment.

Dr. Charles W. Kent, of the University of Virginia, delivered a lecture on "Jamestown and the Nation" before the Middlesex county Teachers Association last evening last week. His lecture made a strong impression.

Mrs. C. E. Bolling, who has been spending some days with Mrs. Gordon Battle at the Virginia Building, Jamestown Exposition, has returned home.

Miss Elsie Lindsey has returned to Richmond, and is visiting Miss Caroline Gordon Rennolds.

What Stung Him.
Mrs. Weyback—I notice these here submarine torpedo boats are named after stinging things, isn't it?

Yes, named after stinging things, isn't it?—Puck.

TO INVESTIGATE

DOUBLE BRAGEDY.
Mrs. Britton, Shot by Childress, Is Able to Testify.

Special to The Times-Dispatch.
NORFOLK, Va., October 27.—Coroner Knight said today that Mrs. Mattie Britton, the mother of Mrs. John Childress, slain by her husband, who, immediately afterward killed himself in a jealous rage, yesterday afternoon, would surely be able to testify to-morrow, and that the inquest into the killing of the Childresses would be held at noon.

Mrs. Britton was not as badly injured by the shot fired into her side as was at first supposed.

Tom Donaldson, of Whom Husband Was Jealous, Denies Being There.

Special to The Times-Dispatch.
NORFOLK, Va., October 27.—Coroner Knight said today that Mrs. Mattie Britton, the mother of Mrs. John Childress, slain by her husband, who, immediately afterward killed himself in a jealous rage, yesterday afternoon, would surely be able to testify to-morrow, and that the inquest into the killing of the Childresses would be held at noon.

Mrs. Britton was not as badly injured by the shot fired into her side as was at first supposed.

Tom Donaldson, the Southern Railway baggage man, who was a boarder at the Childress home, and who is accused of having aroused the jealousy of the husband, who has promised to be present at the inquest, baggage man's check-book was found at the Childress home after the tragedy, but Donaldson is said to have denied all knowledge of that.

Childress, it is said, had a mother and several brothers and sisters living in Richmond.

SAYS ROOSEVELT WILL LOSE

Vardaman Predicts His Renomination Defeat.
CHICAGO, October 27.—"President Roosevelt will be renominated," said Governor James K. Vardaman, of Mississippi, "and he will be beaten. Bryan will be nominated by the Democrats, and he will be elected. All that has happened is that Bryan has stolen from Bryan, and if he runs on a platform of his policies he will be running on Bryan's platform."

This putting forth of Taft as the administration candidate is only political play, Roosevelt has been openly behind him, Taft is the weakest of the administration men who could have been picked, and Roosevelt's real intention is to frame things so that he himself will be the nominee.

The Governor declared President Roosevelt would not carry a precinct in Mississippi. He agrees with the President's campaign against dishonest corporations, but says his policies are Democratic policies.

The Governor declared that the Wall Street crisis would end the financial panic, and that failures there would not affect the prosperity of the country.

"It is impossible to treat these venereal savages as white men," he said in his statement on the negro question. "The Constitution should be amended so the States can legislate regarding the negro question as they do for the Indians."

TO EXTEND RETURN LIMIT
Union Pacific Takes Issue With Interstate Commission.

CHICAGO, October 27.—The Union Pacific Railroad has taken issue with the Interstate Commerce Commission in the matter of extending the time limit of round-trip tickets. In direct violation of the ruling made by the commission, prohibiting the extension of return limit for any cause, the officials of the road have announced that they will be granted in case of sickness. The only provision is that the request be accompanied by a doctor's certificate.

The Union Pacific's attorneys contend the ruling of the commission in this particular is not warranted by the law.

The other trans-continental lines will be forced to make like concessions unless the commission acts.

STEWART IS NOW RICH

Whiskered Ex-Senator Is Lucky in Nevada.
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 27.—When William Morris Stewart retired from the United States Senate in 1905, after his second two-term service there, he returned to Nevada, a poor man. Although eight years beyond the allotted three-score and ten, Mr. Stewart went to Tonopah, hung out his shingle, and began again the struggle for a law practice. Competition was so keen at first that success seemed doubtful, but fortunate events have since multiplied stocks have put him on the way to being again a millionaire, as he is now reported worth more than \$250,000.

THE INNOCENT BYSTANDER

Cleveland in This Role, as Usual, Receives Bullet in Bravol.
CHICAGO, October 27.—William Sirelli, a well-known Cleveland, was shot last night and dangerously wounded while watching a saloon brawl. He was preparing to leave the saloon when he was struck him below the heart. The fight was started when George Campbell, a former Detroit prize fighter, had been introduced into the saloon by one of the owners of the saloon, over an alleged statement made by the latter that he was a better shot than the pugilist.

Shafer denied firing the shot, but in a statement taken from him, he admitted that the latter named the saloon keeper.

GIRL ATTACKED BY SEVEN

Farmers Catch Italians Accused of the Crime.
POTTSVILLE, Pa., October 27.—Surrounding the Hollenbach, fifteen years old, who was in the woods near her home, in the lower part of Schuylkill county, seven Italians attacked the girl and then made her escape.

The farmers in the vicinity organized a posse and after several hours' search, the mountains captured seven men, believed to be the girl's assailants, at Bowman's Station, twelve miles from where the crime was committed. The men were brought to Pottsville, where the girl is in a serious condition.

NIGHT OWL CARRIE IS KILLED

Well Known Character in Portmouth Dies Down by Engine.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
NORFOLK, Va., October 27.—Rev. J. W. Gaines, of the streets of Portsmouth, was run into and killed last night by a switch engine on the Seaboard line. The man, who had been in the transfer business for several years, his chief source of revenue being in transferring to the Seaboard line, was killed. The passenger, said to be a prominent citizen, was slightly disfigured, but is still able to be about.

RAILROAD NEWS

FROM ALL POINTS
C. & O. Makes Best Anti-Smoke Record in District of Columbia.

Plans adopted by the railroad companies entering Washington to eliminate the black smoke nuisance have shown such excellent results that the same methods will be followed hereafter to entirely eliminate all cause for complaint.

The report of the inspection committee for the month of August shows what were regarded as very satisfactory results, as follows: Number of locomotive movements—Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad, 1,471; cases of black smoke, 17.

Southern Railway, 1,762; instances of black smoke, 18. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 8,984; cases of black smoke, 22. Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, 1,942; cases of black smoke, 4. Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, 396; cases of black smoke, 0.

This report shows a total of 7,923 engine movements with only sixty-two cases of objectionable smoke reported.

EARNINGS OF THE SOUTHERN

Norfolk and Southern Opens New Line from Washington, N. C., to Raleigh.

The formal opening of the Norfolk and Southern line between Washington, N. C., and Raleigh will give that company entrance into a prosperous territory and competition with practically all of the leading towns in the State. President Cannon says that the service will be first-class as soon as the roadbed is made firm. Three new locomotives have been ordered together with new rolling stock. Just now the Norfolk and Southern is more than ever in the public eye, in view of the statement that it has purchased the Central of Georgia Railroad.

Opens Line to Raleigh.

The formal opening of the Norfolk and Southern line between Washington, N. C., and Raleigh will give that company entrance into a prosperous territory and competition with practically all of the leading towns in the State. President Cannon says that the service will be first-class as soon as the roadbed is made firm. Three new locomotives have been ordered together with new rolling stock. Just now the Norfolk and Southern is more than ever in the public eye, in view of the statement that it has purchased the Central of Georgia Railroad.

Comptroller Plant gives the following as the net earnings of the Southern Railway, exclusive of the St. Louis-Louisville lines, for the third week in October:

This year, \$1,180,578; last year, \$1,023,192; increase, \$157,386.

Southern Railway, 1,762; instances of black smoke, 18. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 8,984; cases of black smoke, 22. Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, 1,942; cases of black smoke, 4. Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, 396; cases of black smoke, 0.

This report shows a total of 7,923 engine movements with only sixty-two cases of objectionable smoke reported.